U.S. HISTORY SAMPLE TOPICS

- The Canandaigua Treaty of 1794: Compromise After Conflict
- The Government Versus the Farmers: George Washington's Lack of Compromise in the Whiskey Rebellion
- The Treaty of Mortefontaine: Compromise to End the Quasi-War
- The Second Great Awakening: Religious Conflict Driving Social Compromises
- Conflicting Ideas over Religion: New Immigrants Challenging the Protestant Ideal
- Fighting in World War I and Not Compromising Ideals: The Harlem Hellfighters
- The Conflict of Monopoly and the Compromise of the National Association of Theatre Owners
- Social Conflict During War: Japanese Internment
- Conflicting Opinions, Compromised Values: The Vietnam Generation
- Rodgers and Hammerstein: From Lighthearted Musicals to Serious Social Issues
- Ronald Reagan and the Berlin Wall
- The Camp David Accords
- Theodore Roosevelt and the Completion of the Panama Canal
- The Connecticut Compromise: The Prevention of Conflict
- Opposing the War of 1812: The Hartford Convention
- No Taxation Without Representation: The Failed Compromise That Led to a Revolution
- Conflict in Salem: The Witchcraft Trials
- Preventing Conflict: The Compromise of 1850
- Antebellum Politics: The Nullification Controversy
- The Revolution of 1800
- The New York City Draft Riot of 1863
- The Indian Removal Act of 1830
- Reconstruction: Conflict and Compromise in the South
- The Compromise of 1877
- The Pullman Strike
- The Silver Question: Farmers Versus Industrialists
- The Burlingame Treaty and Chinese Exclusion
- The Big Three: Conflict and Compromise at Yalta
- Dollar Diplomacy: Ending Conflicts Through Economic Investment
- UAW v. General Motors: Sit Down for Compromise
- Conscientious Objectors in World War II
- Taking the Fight off the Ice: The Creation of the NHLPA
- The Truman Doctrine
- The Marshall Plan
- The Compromise to End All Conflict: The Kellogg-Briand Pact of 1928
EUROPEAN HISTORY SAMPLE TOPICS

- The End of Compromise: Boudicca's Fight Against Rome
- Charlemagne's Conquest and the Spread of Architectural Ideas
- The Crusades: No Compromise for Faith
- Martin Luther's Refusal to Compromise His Ideals
- Otto von Bismarck and the Unification of Germany
- The Congress of Vienna: The Legacy of Napoleon's Downfall
- The Edict of Nantes: Compromise to End Conflict
- For the Sake of Divorce: Henry VIII Versus Rome
- Bloody Mary: A Catholic Who Refused to Compromise
- Oliver Cromwell and King Charles I: Conflicts and Compromises
- Conflict at Sea: How the British Defeat of the Spanish Armada Changed the Face of Naval Warfare
- Isabella, Ferdinand, and the Spanish Reconquista
- Galileo: The Conflict and Compromise Between Science and Catholicism
- The Division of Berlin After World War II
- The Castle Hill Rebellion: Conflict Without Compromise
- The European Coal and Steel Community That Led to a Union
- George Fox and the Quakers: Conflict with Society, Compromise with a New Faith
- Selling Souls for Sugar: Slavery and the Sugar Islands
- The Conflicts and Compromises Needed to Unify Italy
- The Munich Agreement: Appeasing Conflict
- The Treaty of Versailles: Prelude to the Second World War
- Emmeline Pankhurst and Her Militant Struggle for Suffrage in Great Britain
- Henry II and Thomas Becket: A Conflict That Led to Compromise
- Catherine de' Medici and the Huguenots
- Conflict and Compromise in the Restoration of King Charles II of England
- The Troubles: The Conflict and Compromise of Ireland
- The Glorious Revolution: A Conflict That Led to the English Bill of Rights
- The Treaty of Madrid: The Compromise to End Conflict
- The Treaty of Paris: The Uneasy Peace of the Seven Years' War
- Settlement of New Land: Conflict and Compromise of the Treaty of Tordesillas
• The Unbalanced Compromises of the Opium Wars
• King Rajaraja Chola I Conquers Ceylon
• Buddhism and Hinduism: Conflicting Ideas and Their Cultural Impacts
• Sikhs and Hindus: A History of Conflict and Compromise
• The Forced Compromise of the Boer Wars
• Conflicts over Religious Interpretation: Sunnis and Shi’ites in Islamic Tradition
• Conflicts over Borders Necessitate Compromise: The Indo-Pakistani War of 1971
• Constantine’s Conflict and Compromise over the Date of Christmas
• The Paris Peace Accords: Compromises to End the Vietnam War
• The Conflict and Compromise of Repatriation of Ancient Artifacts: Howard Carter and King Tut’s Treasure
• Athens, Sparta, and the Battle of Marathon
• The Rule of Akbar: “The Great Mughal” over India
• The Establishment of the Manchu Dynasty in China
• The Japanese Constitution of 1889
• The Crimean War
• The Six-Day War
• Colonization Conflicts: King Leopold’s Vision in the Congo
• Resolution 181: The Conflict and Compromise of Creating a Nation
• United Nations Peacekeeping Missions: Compromising to Avoid Conflict
• The Iran Hostage Crisis: Coming to a Compromise
• Nelson Mandela and the Fight for Equality in South Africa
• “Men and women are equal; everyone is worth his (or her) salt”: Mao Zedong’s New Marriage Law
• Mikhail Gorbachev and Ronald Reagan: Ending the Cold War Through Conflict and Compromise
• King Bhumibol of Thailand: The Conflict and the Compromise of General Srimuang
• Desmond Tutu’s Truth and Reconciliation Commission
• Zapatista National Liberation Army and the Conflict and Compromise of the 1994 North American Free Trade Agreement
• The Conflict and Compromise That Led to Rwanda’s Arusha Accords
• The Conflict of Blood Diamonds and the Compromise of the Kimberley Process Certification Scheme
• The Internal Settlement: Conflict in Rhodesia Leads to the Compromise of Zimbabwe
• Filipino Insurrection: Compromise with America to Win a Conflict Against Spain